

FULL YEAR REPORT

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report
Directors' Report
Auditor's Independence Declaration
Financial Report
Audit Report

30 JUNE 2016



Bentley Capital Limited A.B.N. 87 008 108 218

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

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Results for Announcement to the Market

Current Reporting Period: Financial year ended year ended 30 June 2016 Previous Corresponding Period Financial year ended year ended 30 June 2015

30 June 2016 Balance Date:

Bentley Capital Limited (BEL or the Company) Company:

Consolidated Entity: BEL and controlled entities (Bentley)

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

CONSOLIDATED	June 2016 \$'000	June 2015 \$'000	% Change	Up/ Down
Net gain on initial recognition of financial asset as Associate entity	_	1,910	N/A	N/A
Net gain on sale of financial asset held for sale	_	271	N/A	N/A
Net gain on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2,998	_	N/A	N/A
Dividends	32	139	, 77%	Down
Interest	150	58	158%	Up
Other investment-related revenue	78	20	291%	Up
Total revenue	3,258	2,398	36%	Up
Net loss on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	(936)	N/A	N/A
Share of loss in Associate entity	(100)	(115)	13%	Down
Software development expenses	(1,138)	(712)	60%	Up
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	(700)	(328)	114%	Up
Investment expenses	(84)	(65)	30%	Up
Corporate expenses	(66)	(64)	3%	Up
Administration and other expenses	(644)	(445)	45%	Up
Total expenses	(2,732)	(2,665)	3%	Up
Profit/(Loss) before tax	526	(267)	297%	Profit Up
Income tax benefit/(expense)	-	-		
Profit/(Loss) after tax attributable to members	526	(267)	297%	Profit Up
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	0.70	(0.36)	295%	Earnings Up
Pre-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	20.80	21.11	1%	Down
Post-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	20.80	21.11	1%	Down
Pre and Post-Tax NTA backing per share (with the dividends paid during the 2015/2016 year added back)	21.80	21.11	13%	Up

BRIEF EXPLANATION OF RESULTS AND COMMENTARY ON RESULTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION

Bentley's principal activities during the year comprise share investment and trading and software, Internet technology and applications development.

With respect to its share investment and trading activities, Bentley generated a net gain of \$2.998 million (pre and post-tax) during the year.

Please refer to the Directors' Report and financial statements and notes for information on a review of Bentley's operations and the financial position and performance of Bentley for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Results for Announcement to the Market

DIVIDENDS

Consistent with its stated Dividend Policy to make annual distributions of at least one cent per share (referred to below), the Directors have declared payment of a fully franked dividend as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Expected Payment Date	Franking
0.50 cent per share	22 September 2016	29 September 2016	100% franked

The Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) will apply to this dividend. The Directors have determined that the DRP issue price will be at a 2.5% discount to the Company's volume weighted average price on ASX in the 5 day period up to and including the dividend record date. The Company will lodge a market announcement advising the final DRP issue price after the record date.

A copy of the Company's DRP Rules and DRP Application Form be obtained from the Company or downloaded from the Company's website: http://bel.com.au/forms.

The Company paid two fully franked dividends and issued shares under its DRP during the financial year, as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Payment Date	DRP Issue Price (cents)	DRP Shares Issued
0.5 cent per share	11 March 2016	18 March 2016	13.22	336,290
0.5 cent per share	11 September 2015	25 September 2015	14.53	278,226

This continues Bentley's long distribution track record with recent payments as illustrated below¹:

Rate per share	Nature	Record Date	Payment Date	Franking	DRP Issue Price
0.50 cent	Dividend	22 September 2016	29 September 2016	100%	TBA
0.50 cent	Dividend	11 March 2016	18 March 2016	100%	\$0.1322
0.50 cent	Dividend	11 September 2015	25 September 2015	100%	\$0.1453
0.55 cent	Dividend	13 March 2015	20 March 2015	100%	\$0.1327
0.95 cent	Dividend	12 September 2014	26 September 2014	100%	\$0.1486
One cent	Dividend	14 March 2014	21 March 2014	100%	\$0.1441
One cent	Return of capital	6 December 2013	12 December 2013	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	15 April 2013	18 April 2013	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	26 November 2012	30 November 2012	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	16 April 2012	19 April 2012	N/A	N/A
5 cents	Return of capital	12 October 2011	14 October 2011	N/A	N/A
2.4 cents	Dividend (Special)	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188
One cent	Dividend	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188

Dividend Policy

It is the objective of the Company to provide a regular and stable distribution to shareholders after the announcement of its half year and full year operating results. These results are normally announced at the end of February and August each year and the Company will endeavour to announce its proposed distribution at this time.

The Company intends to make annual distributions to shareholders of at least one cent per share, to the extent permitted by law and subject to prudent business practice. It is envisaged that shareholder distributions will be made twice per year. Dividends will be franked to the extent that available franking credits permit. Capital returns will be subject to prior shareholder approval.

Bentley has paid a distribution to shareholders every year (save on 4 occasions in its 31 year history) since its admission to ASX in 1986. Refer to Bentley's website for full distribution history.

Results for Announcement to the Market

CONTROLLED ENTITIES and ASSOCIATES and JOINT VENTURE ENTITIES

Molopo Energy Limited (ASX:MPO) ceased to be an Associate entity on 26 August 2015 when Bentley sold its entire 49,687,332 (19.95%) shareholding in MPO.2

Strike Resources Limited (ASX:SRK) became an Associate entity with effect on 2 September 2015 when Bentley completed its off-market takeover bid for SRK.3

Bentley did not have any other interest in associates or joint venture entities during the financial year.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

Pursuant to the ASX Listing Rules, the Company gives notice that its 2016 AGM is expected to be held on or about 18 November 2016.

For and on behalf of the Directors,

Victor Ho

Date: 31 August 2016

Email: cosec@bel.com.au Company Secretary Telephone: (08) 9214 9757

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 26 August 2015: Sale of Shares in Molopo Energy

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 31 July 2015: Despatch of Bidders Statement to Holders of Strike Resources Limited

COMPANY PROFILE

Bentley Capital Limited has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since October 1986 as an investment company (ASX Code: BEL). Bentley's investment objectives are to:

- Achieve a high real rate of return over the medium term, ideally comprising both revenue and capital growth, whilst operating within acceptable risk parameters set by the Board; and
- Deliver a regular distribution stream to shareholders.

Bentley's Investment Mandate is outlined on page 60 of its 2015 Annual Report.

As at 30 June 2016, Bentley had net tangible assets (NTA) of \$15.689 million (at \$0.208 cents post-tax NTA backing per share), 75,414,727 fully paid ordinary shares on issue, and 1,785 shareholders on its share register.

NET ASSET WEIGHTINGS

	30 June 201	.6	30 June 201	15
Net Assets	\$'m	%	\$'m	0/0
Australian equities ¹	14.50	89.0	15.63	95.2
Intangible assets ²	0.60	3.7	0.64	3.9
Provision for income tax	-	-	-	-
Net cash on deposit/other assets/provisions	1.19	7.3	0.16	0.9
Total Net Assets	16.29	100	16.43	100
NTA Backing per share	\$0.2080		\$0.2111	
Adjusted NTA Backing per share	\$0.2180		N/A	

(with the dividends paid during the 2015/2016 year added back)

- 1. Includes an investment in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) (CBG Fund).
- 2. Capitalised software, Internet and applications development costs.

SUMMARY OF MAJOR HOLDINGS

			30 June	2016	30 June 2	2015
Security	ASX Code	Industry Sector	\$'m	%	\$'m	%
CBG Australian Equities Fund	-	Diversified	4.82	29.6	5.22	32.0
Keybridge Capital Limited	KBC	Diversified	4.31	26.5	-	-
Strike Resources Limited ³	SRK	Metals & Mining	2.79	17.1	-	-
BHP Billiton Limited	BHP	Materials	0.56	3.4	-	-
Woodside Petroleum Limited	WPL	Energy	0.53	3.3	-	-
National Australia Bank Limited	NAB	Banks	0.51	3.1	-	-
Other listed securities	Various	Various	0.98	6.0	10.42	63.9

Accounted for as an Associate entity

RECENT DISTRIBUTION HISTORY⁴

Rate per share	Nature	Record Date	Payment Date	Franking	DRP Issue Price
0.50 cent	Dividend	22 September 2016	29 September 2016	100%	TBA
0.50 cent	Dividend	11 March 2016	18 March 2016	100%	\$0.1322
0.50 cent	Dividend	11 September 2015	25 September 2015	100%	\$0.1453
0.55 cent	Dividend	13 March 2015	20 March 2015	100%	\$0.1327
0.95 cent	Dividend	12 September 2014	26 September 2014	100%	\$0.1486
One cent	Dividend	14 March 2014	21 March 2014	100%	\$0.1441
One cent	Return of capital	6 December 2013	12 December 2013	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	15 April 2013	18 April 2013	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	26 November 2012	30 November 2012	N/A	N/A
One cent	Return of capital	16 April 2012	19 April 2012	N/A	N/A
5 cents	Return of capital	12 October 2011	14 October 2011	N/A	N/A
2.4 cents	Dividend (Special)	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188
One cent	Dividend	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188

Bentley has paid a distribution to shareholders every year (save on 4 occasions in its 31 year history) since its admission to ASX in 1986. Refer to Bentley's website for full distribution history

DIVIDEND POLICY

Bentley intends to make annual distributions to shareholders of at least one cent per share, to the extent permitted by law and subject to prudent business practice. It is envisaged that shareholder distributions will be made twice per year (after the announcement of Bentley's half year and full year operating results in February and August). Dividends will be franked to the extent that available franking credits permit. Capital returns will be subject to prior shareholder approval.

The Directors present their Directors' Report on Bentley Capital Limited ABN 87 008 108 218 (BEL or Company) and its controlled entities (Bentley or the Consolidated Entity) for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 (Balance Date).

BEL is a company limited by shares that was incorporated in South Australia in June 1986 and has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since October 1986 (ASX Code: BEL).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

BEL is a listed investment company (LIC). Bentley's investment objectives are to:

- Achieve a high real rate of return over the medium term, ideally comprising both revenue and capital growth, whilst operating within acceptable risk parameters set by the Board; and
- Deliver a regular distribution stream to shareholders.

Within its broader investment mandate⁴, Bentley has a focus on several key investment sectors which the Board believes offer the opportunity to collectively generate overall returns for shareholders materially in excess of the ASX All Ordinaries Index5:

- Strategic investments in listed companies with either an active or passive participation; (1)
- (2) Corporate financing;
- (3) Promotion of IPOs; and
- (4) Participation in, and funding of, corporate restructurings.

NET TANGIBLE ASSET BACKING

CONSOLIDATED	June 2016 \$'000	June 2015 \$'000
Net assets	16,288	16,426
Less: Intangible assets	(604)	(639)
Net tangible assets	15,683	15,787
Pre-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	20.80	21.11
Less: Net deferred tax asset/liabilities /tax provision	-	=
Net tangible assets	15,683	15,787
Post-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	20.80	21.11
Value of dividends paid to shareholders in previous 12 months	749	1,111
Adjusted Pre and post-tax NTA backing per share (cents) (with dividends paid during the 2015/2016 year added back)	21.80	N/A
Based on total issued shares	75,414,727	74,800,211

During the financial year, Bentley paid two fully franked dividends of 0.50 cent each per share to shareholders on 18 March 2016⁶ and 25 September 2015⁷ respectively at a total cost of \$0.749 million (2015: two fully franked dividends of 0.50 cent each paid in September 2014 and in March 2015).

Bentley's 31 July 2016 pre and post-tax NTA backing was \$0.20 per share (unaudited). 8

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 15 January 2009: Notice of Meeting and released on ASX on 23 January 2009

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 10 May 2010: Appointment of Chief Investment Officer and Implementation of Investment Strategy

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 24 February 2016: Declaration of Dividend

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 27 August 2014: Declaration of Dividend

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 12 August 2016: NTA Backing as at 31 July 2016

OPERATING RESULTS

CONSOLIDATED	June 2016 \$'000	June 2015 \$'000
Net gain on initial recognition of financial asset as Associate entity	-	1,910
Net gain on sale of financial asset held for sale	-	271
Net gain on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2,998	-
Dividends	32	139
Interest	150	58
Other income	78	20
Total revenue	3,258	2,398
Net loss on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	(936)
Share of loss in Associate entity	(100)	(115)
Software development expenses	(1,138)	(712)
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	(700)	(328)
Investment expenses	(84)	(65)
Corporate expenses	(66)	(64)
Administration and other expenses	(644)	(445)
Total expenses	(2,732)	(2,665)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense	526	(267)
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after income tax expense	526	(267)

Bentley's principal activities during the year comprise share investment and trading and software, Internet technology and applications development.

With respect to its share investment and trading activities Bentley generated a net gain of \$2.998 million.

EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

CONSOLIDATED	June 2016	June 2015
Earnings/(Loss) per share (cents)	0.70	(0.36)

FINANCIAL POSITION

CONSOLIDATED	June 2016 \$'000	June 2015 \$'000
Investments	11,712	6,136
Investment in Associate entity	2,790	9,496
Cash and cash equivalents	1,345	136
Net deferred tax asset/liabilities	-	-
Intangible assets	604	639
Other assets	129	682
Liabilities	(292)	(663)
Net assets	16,288	16,426
Issued capital	19,379	19,294
Profits reserve	3,520	677
Accumulated losses	(6,611)	(3,545)
Total equity	16,288	16,426

The Company's Profits Reserve is available to fund dividend payments, declared from time to time. The Company also has a \$1.81 million Franking Credit balance (as at 30 June 2016), which is sufficient to support the payment of up to \$4.22 million in fully franked dividends.

DIVIDENDS

Consistent with its stated Dividend Policy to make annual distributions of at least one cent per share (referred to below), the Directors have declared payment of a fully franked dividend as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Expected Payment Date	Franking
0.50 cent per share	22 September 2016	29 September 2016	100% franked

The Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) will apply to this dividend. The Directors have determined that the DRP issue price will be at a 2.5% discount to the Company's volume weighted average price on ASX in the 5 day period up to and including the dividend record date. The Company will lodge a market announcement advising the final DRP issue price after the record date.

A copy of the Company's DRP Rules and DRP Application Form be obtained from the Company or downloaded from the Company's website: http://bel.com.au/forms

The Company paid two fully franked dividends during the financial year at a total cost of \$0.749 million as follows (2015: two fully franked dividends of 0.50 cent each paid in September 2014 and in March 2015):

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Payment Date	DRP Issue Price (cents)	DRP Shares Issued
0.5 cent per share	11 March 2016	18 March 2016	13.22	336,290
0.5 cent per share	11 September 2015	25 September 2015	14.53	278,226

Dividend Policy

It is the objective of the Company to provide a regular and stable distribution to shareholders after the announcement of its half year and full year operating results. These results are normally announced at the end of February and August each year and the Company will endeavour to announce its proposed distribution at this time.

The Company intends to make annual distributions to shareholders of at least one cent per share, to the extent permitted by law and subject to prudent business practice. It is envisaged that shareholder distributions will be made twice per year. Dividends will be franked to the extent that available franking credits permit. Capital returns will be subject to prior shareholder approval

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Securities on Issue

The Company has 75,414,727 (2015: 74,800,211) fully paid ordinary shares on issue. All such shares are listed on ASX. The Company has no other securities on issue.

The Company issued 614,516 new shares during the financial year as a consequence of shareholders' participation under the Company's DRP, at an average price of \$0.1381 per share (2015: 904,140 shares at \$0.1422 each).

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Net Asset Weightings

A summary of Bentley's net asset weighting (by value and as a percentage of net assets) is:

	30 June	2016	30 June 2015	
Net Assets	\$'m	%	\$'m	%
Australian equities ¹	14.50	89.0	15.63	95.2
Intangible assets ²	0.60	3.7	0.64	3.9
Provision for income tax	=	-	-	-
Net cash on deposit/other assets/provisions	1.19	7.3	0.16	0.9
Total Net Assets	16.29	100%	16.43	100%
NTA Backing per share	\$0.20	80	\$0.21	11
Adjusted NTA Backing per share	\$0.2180		N/A	

(with the dividends paid during the 2015/2016 year added back)

- 1. Includes an investment in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) (CBG Fund)
- 2. Capitalised software, Internet and applications development costs

Major Holdings

A summary of Bentley's major investment holdings (by value and as a percentage of net assets) is:

	ASX	Industry	30 June 20	30 June 2016		2015
Security	Code	Sector	\$′m	%	\$'m	%
CBG Australian Equities Fund	-	Diversified	4.82	29.6	5.22	32.0
Keybridge Capital Limited	KBC	Diversified	4.31	26.5	-	-
Strike Resources Limited ²	SRK	Metals & Mining	2.79	17.1	-	-
BHP Billiton Limited	BHP	Materials	0.56	3.4	-	-
Woodside Petroleum Limited	WPL	Energy	0.53	3.3	-	-
National Australia Bank Limited	NAB	Banks	0.51	3.1	-	-
Other listed securities	Various	Various	0.98	6.0	10.42	63.9

Accounted for as an Associate entity

Subsequent to the balance date (and to 26 August 2016), Bentley has:

- realised gross proceeds of \$0.831 million from the sale of listed securities; and (a)
- (b) invested \$0.750 million in listed securities.

Investment in Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX: KBC)

As at 30 June 2016, Bentley held 27,800,000 shares in KBC, being 16.97% of KBC's total issued share capital (being the second largest shareholder in KBC), which were acquired on-market at a cost of \$5 million in May 2016.9

Subsequently, Bentley has acquired a further 3,900,000 shares on-market at a cost of \$0.701 million, taking its overall interest in KBC to 31,700,000 shares (or 19.96%).10

KBC is "an investment and financial services group with a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted investments in solar, private equity, life insurance, property and funds management assets amongst others"11, including strategic holdings in HHY Fund (ASX:HHY), Molopo Energy Limited (ASX:MPO), PTB Group Limited (ASX: PTB), Metgasco Limited (ASX: MEL), Copper Strike Limited (ASX: CSE) and NAOS Absolute Opportunities Company Limited (ASX:NAC).

Further information about KBC's investments are contained in their ASX releases, as follows¹²:

- 31 August 2016: Appendix 4E Preliminary Unaudited Financial Report for the Year Ended 30 June
- 20 June 2016: Monthly Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share May 2016 Unaudited;
- 4 March 2016: 31 December 2015 Half Year Results; and
- 4 March 2016: 31 December 2015 Half Year Accounts.

At an extraordinary general meeting (EGM) held on 29 July 2016, KBC shareholders overwhelmingly approved the election of Bentley Directors, Simon Cato and William Johnson, as Directors and the removal of KBC Chairman, Andrew Moffat, as a Director, of KBC.¹³ The KBC Board convened this EGM¹⁴ to preempt Bentley's notice of intent to itself call a meeting of KBC shareholders pursuant to a requisition under section 249F of the Corporations Act. 15

Bentley's reasons for proposing the KBC Board changes (as above) was outlined in its ASX announcement of 26 July 2016: Update on Keybridge EGM to Remove Andrew Moffat and Appoint Bentley Nominees to Board. The key reasons for Bentley seeking to convene a meeting were based upon concerns relating to the management and corporate governance of KBC and the accountability and suitability of Andrew Moffat as a Director and Chairman of KBC.

Information concerning KBC may be viewed from its website: www.keybridge.com.au

KBC's market announcements may also be viewed from the ASX website (www.asx.com.au) under ASX code "KBC".

Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 20 May 2016: Becoming a Substantial Holder for KBC

¹⁰ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated <u>8 July 2016</u>: Change of Substantial Shareholder Notice in KBC

¹¹ Refer KBC's ASX announcement dated <u>4 March 2016</u>: 31 December 2015 Half Year Accounts

¹² Bentley notes that KBC has disposed of its Aurora funds management business - refer KBC ASX Announcements dated 27 June 2016: Sale of Aurora Funds Management and 1 July 2016: Sale of Aurora Funds Management

¹³ Refer KBC's ASX announcement dated 29 July 2016: Results of General Meeting and Board Changed

¹⁴ Refer KBC's ASX announcement dated 7 June 2016: Notice of General Meeting and Proxy Form

¹⁵ Refer KBC's ASX announcement dated 30 May 2016: Letters from Scarborough Equities Pty Ltd

\$3.67 Million Profit on Realisation of Investment in Molopo Energy Limited (ASX: MPO)

On 26 August 2015, Bentley sold its shareholding in MPO on-market at a price of 26.5 cents per share for a total consideration of \$13.167 million. Bentley realised a net gain of \$3.67 million in respect of the financial year and a net gain of \$3.56 million from historical cost. This represents a 37% (gross) return on the investment (from cost).16

MPO has significant cash reserves of \$67.7 million (as at 30 June 2016) and has announced that it has been assessing opportunities in the oil and gas sector.¹⁷

Successful Completion of Takeover Bid for Strike Resources Limited (ASX: SRK)

On 2 September 2015, Bentley successfully closed its off-market 5.5 cent per share cash takeover bid 18 for SRK with acceptances received totalling 52,553,493 SRK shares (representing a 36.16% relevant interest in Strike) for a bid consideration of \$2.89 million.

The Strike Board comprises a majority of Bentley Executives - Bentley Chairman, Farooq Khan, was appointed a Strike Director with effect on 2 October 2015 19 and Chairman of the Strike Board on 18 December 2015.20; Bentley Director, William Johnson, is Managing Director of Strike and Bentley Company Secretary, Victor Ho, is a Director and Company Secretary of Strike.

Strike owns the high grade Apurimac Magnetite Iron Ore Project and Cusco Magnetite Iron Ore Project in Peru and retains cash reserves of ~\$7 million (as at 30 June 2016). Strike has announced that it has examined a range of new strategies for the company in light of the on-going poor outlook for the iron ore sector – for further information, refer to Strike's 2016 Full Year Report²¹:

Information concerning SRK may be viewed from its website: www.strikeresources.com.au.

SRK's market announcements may also be viewed from the ASX website (www.asx.com.au) under ASX code "SRK".

Investment in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) (CBG Fund)²²

As at 30 June 2016, Bentley had \$4.82 million (29.62% of its net assets) invested in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) (CBG Fund) (2015: 31.53% and \$5.216 million).

The 12-month performance of the CBG Fund to 30 June 2016 was +2.0% (2015: +4.5%) compared with its benchmark performance (S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index) of +0.6% (2015: +5.7%).

In July 2016, Bentley received \$0.03 million (2015: \$0.116 million) income distributions from the CBG Fund in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2016. The 30 June 2016 carrying value above is "ex" entitlement to this income distribution.

Bentley's investment in the CBG Fund has generated a \$0.073 million realised gain and \$0.293 million unrealised loss for the financial year (2015: \$0.092 million unrealised loss and \$0.236 million realised gain). The investment's unrealised gain (from historical cost) is \$0.03 million (2015: \$1.168 million unrealised gain).

¹⁶ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 26 August 2015: Sale of Shares in Molopo Energy

¹⁷ Refer MPO's ASX announcements dated 29 July 2016: June 2016 Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report and dated 31 March 2016: 2015 Annual Report

¹⁸ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 31 July 2015: Despatch of Bidders Statement to Holders of Strike Resources Limited

¹⁹ Refer Strike's ASX announcement dated 2 October 2015: Board and Corporate Changes

²⁰ Refer Strike's ASX announcement dated 18 December 2015: Change of Chairman

²¹ Refer Strike's 2016 Full Year Report released on ASX on 31 August 2016

²² Based on information provided by investment manager, CBG Asset Management Limited

The CBG Fund is a wholesale fund not open to retail investors. The objective of the fund is to outperform the S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index over the medium term. The Investment Manager is "style neutral" and invests in growth stocks, value stocks, stocks with maintainable dividend yields and special situations.

Bentley is able to redeem its investment in the CBG Fund at short notice without any exit fees.

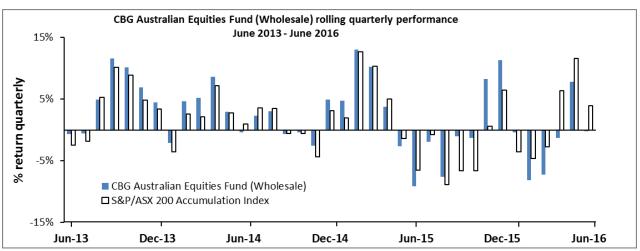
CBG Fund details (as at 30 June 2016) provided by Investment Manager, CBG Asset Management, are as follows:

- The equity weighting was 93.65% (2015: 92.86%);
- 85.7% of the equity portfolio is invested in companies contained within the S&P/ASX 200 Index (2015: 85.11%) with the balance of 14.3% invested in companies outside of the S&P/ASX 200 Index (2015: 14.89%); and
- The equity portfolio contained 45 holdings (2015: 47 holdings).

CBG Fund Returns To: 30 June 2016	1 mth	3mths	6mths	1yr %	2yrs % p.a.	3yrs % p.a.	Since Inception % p.a.
CBG Fund	-4.2%	-0.2%	-7.4%	2.0%	3.2%	9.2%	9.3%
ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index	-2.5%	3.9%	1.1%	0.6%	3.1%	7.7%	7.8%

The monthly performance of the CBG Fund for July 2016 was 6.8% compared with its benchmark performance (S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index) of 6.3%.

CBG Fund Returns To: 31 July 2016	1 mth	3mths	6mths %	1yr %	2yrs % p.a.	3yrs % p.a.	Since Inception % p.a.
CBG Fund	6.8%	6.6%	5.2%	3.4%	4.8%	9.6%	9.7%
ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index	6.3%	6.9%	13.7%	2.4%	4.0%	8.0%	8.2%



Source: CBG Asset Management Limited (Investment Manager)

Notes:

- (a) Shows the net return of the fund over the preceding 3 months for each quarter, compared with that of the benchmark ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index.
- The information in the table is historical and the past performance of the CBG Fund is not a reliable predictor of the future (b) performance of such fund; CBG Asset Management have not made any representation to the Company that it will achieve any specific future rate of return on the fund.

CBG Fund T	Top 20 Holdings	Fund
ASX Code	Asset Name	Weight 30-Jun-16
CBA	COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA	10.8%
WBC	WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION	7.9%
TCL	TRANSURBAN GROUP LIMITED	5.9%
MQA	MACQUARIE ATLAS ROADS GROUP	5.4%
ANZ	ANZ BANKING GROUP LIMITED	4.7%
HGG	HENDERSON GROUP LIMITED	3.9%
MFG	MAGELLAN FINANCIAL GROUP	3.8%
SYD	SYDNEY AIRPORT LIMITED	3.7%
AIA	AUCKLAND INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT LTD	3.5%
NAB	NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED	3.5%
DUE	DUET GROUP	3.1%
APA	APA GROUP LIMITED	3.0%
LLC	LENDLEASE GROUP	2.9%
ACX	ACONEX LIMITED	2.5%
EGH	EUREKA GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED	2.4%
IFL	IOOF HOLDINGS LIMITED	2.1%
REA	REA GROUP LIMITED	2.0%
AHG	AUTOMOTIVE HOLDINGS GROUP	2.0%
TNE	TECHNOLOGY ONE LIMITED	1.6%
RMD	RESMED INC LIMITED	1.5%

CBG Fund Sector Weights	Fund Weight 30-Jun-16
Financials (ex-Real Estate)	40.4%
Industrials	22.8%
Consumer Discretionary	7.7%
Utilities	6.1%
Information Technology	5.8%
Real Estate	5.3%
Health Care	3.2%
Telecommunication Services	1.0%
Materials	0.7%
Consumer Staples	0.6%

Software, Internet and Applications Development

Bentley has a technology operation involved in software, Internet and applications development, which provides exposure to the Internet and social media applications as a potentially valuable investment and/or income generating opportunity. Bentley is currently reviewing its activities in this sector and examining ways in which to monetise/securitise the value of its investment.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of Bentley that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Directors' Report or the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Bentley intends to continue its investment activities in future years. The results of these investment activities depend upon the performance of the underlying companies and securities in which Bentley invests. The investments' performances depend on many economic factors and also industry and company- specific issues. In the opinion of the Directors, it is not possible or appropriate to make a prediction on the future course of markets, the performance of Bentley's investments or forecast the likely results of Bentley's activities.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Bentley is not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State legislation.

DIRECTORS

Directors in office during or since the financial year are as follows:

FAROOQ KHAN	Chairman
Appointed	Director since 2 December 2003; Chairman since 10 February 2004
Qualifications	BJuris, LLB (Western Australia)
Experience	Mr Khan is a qualified lawyer having previously practised principally in the field of corporate law. Mr Khan has extensive experience in the securities industry, capital markets and the executive management of ASX-listed companies. In particular, Mr Khan has guided the establishment and growth of a number of public listed companies in the investment, mining and financial services sector. He has considerable experience in the fields of capital raisings, mergers and acquisitions and investments.
Relevant interest in shares	None ²³
Special Responsibilities	Chairman of the Board and Investment Committee
Other current directorships in listed entities	(1) Executive Chairman and Managing Director of Queste Communications Ltd (ASX:QUE) (since 10 March 1998)
	(2) Executive Chairman of Orion Equities Limited (ASX: OEQ) (since 23 October 2006)
	(3) Chairman (appointed 18 December 2015) of <u>Strike Resources Limited</u> (ASX: <u>SRK</u>) (Director since 1 October 2015) ²⁴
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	Nil

WILLIAM M. JOHNSON	Executive Director
Appointed	Director since 13 March 2009; Executive Director since 1 January 2016
Qualifications	MA (Oxon), MBA
Experience	Mr. Johnson holds a Masters degree in engineering science from Oxford University, England and an MBA from Victoria University, New Zealand. His 30 year business career spans multiple industries and countries, with executive/CEO experience in oil and gas exploration (North Africa and Australia), mineral exploration and investment (Australia, Peru, Chile, Saudi Arabia, Oman and Indonesia), telecommunications infrastructure investment (New Zealand, India, Thailand and Malaysia) and information technology and Internet ventures (New Zealand, Philippines and Australia). Mr Johnson is a highly experienced public company director and has considerable depth of experience in business strategy, investment analysis, finance and execution.
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	Member of the Investment, Audit and Remuneration Committees.
Other current directorships in listed entities	(1) Managing Director of <u>Strike Resources Limited</u> (ASX: <u>SRK</u>) (since 25 March 2013; Director since 14 July 2006)
	(2) Director of Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX: KBC) (since 29 July 2016)
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	 (1) <u>Alara Resources Limited</u> (ASX:<u>AUQ</u>) (26 October 2009 to 31 October 2013) (2) Cuervo Resources Inc. (CNQ:FE) (March 2013 - December 2013)

²³ Refer Bentley's ASX announcements dated 20 November 2014: Change of Director's Interest Notice and dated 21 November 2014: Notice of Ceasing to be a substantial holder

²⁴ Refer Strike's ASX announcement dated <u>18 December 2015</u>: Change of Chairman

SIMON K. CATO	Non-Executive Director
Appointed	7 January 2015
Qualifications	B.A. (Sydney)
Experience	Mr Cato has had over 30 years capital markets experience in broking, regulatory roles and as a director of listed companies. He was initially employed by the ASX in Sydney and then in Perth. From 1991 until 2006 he was an executive director and/or responsible executive of three stockbroking firms and in those roles he has been involved in many aspects of broking including management issues such as credit control and reporting to regulatory bodies in the securities industry. As a broker he was also involved in the underwriting of a number of IPO's and has been through the process of IPO listing in the dual role of broker and director. Currently he holds a number of non-executive roles with other listed companies in Australia.
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	Chairman of the Audit and Remuneration Committees
Other current directorships in listed entities	(1) Non-Executive Chairman of <u>Advanced Share Registry Limited</u> (ASX: <u>ASW</u>) (since 22 August 2007)
	(2) Non-Executive Director of <u>Greenland Minerals and Energy Limited</u> (ASX: <u>GGG</u>) (since 21 February 2006)
	(3) Non-Executive Director of Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX: KBC) (since 29 July 2016)
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	Transaction Solutions International Limited (ASX: <u>TSN</u>) (26 February 2010 to 30 August 2013)

At the Company's 2015 AGM²⁵:

- Simon Cato retired as a Director (having been appointed by the Board since the last AGM) pursuant to the Company's Constitution and was re-elected a Director at that AGM; and
- William Johnson retired as a Director (by rotation) pursuant to the Company's Constitution and was re-elected a Director at that AGM.

²⁵ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated <u>30 November 2015</u>: Results of 2015 Annual General Meeting

COMPANY SECRETARY

VICTOR P. H. HO	Company Secretary
Appointed	5 February 2004
Qualifications	BCom, LLB (Western Australia), CTA
Experience	Mr Ho has been in Executive roles with a number of ASX listed companies across the investments, resources and technology sectors over the past 16+ years. Mr Ho is a Chartered Tax Adviser (CTA) and previously had 9 years' experience in the taxation profession with the Australian Tax Office (ATO) and in a specialist tax law firm. Mr Ho has been actively involved in the structuring and execution of a number of corporate, M&A and international joint venture (in South America, Indonesia and the Middle East) transactions, capital raisings and capital management initiatives and has extensive experience in public company administration, corporations' law and stock exchange compliance and investor/shareholder relations.
Special Responsibilities	Member of the Investment Committee and Secretary of the Audit and Remuneration Committees
Relevant interest in shares	50,000 ordinary shares (held indirectly)
Other positions held in listed	Executive Director and Company Secretary of:
entities	(1) Orion Equities Limited (ASX: <u>OEQ</u>) (Secretary since 2 August 2000 and Director since 4 July 2003)
	(2) Queste Communications Ltd (ASX:QUE) (Secretary since 30 August 2000 and Director since 3 April 2013)
	(3) <u>Strike Resources Limited</u> (ASX: <u>SRK</u>) (Director since 24 January 2014 and Company Secretary since 1 October 2015)
Former position in other listed entities in past 3 years	Company Secretary of <u>Alara Resources Limited</u> (ASX: <u>AUQ</u>) (4 April 2007 to 31 August 2015)

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The following table sets out the numbers of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the year (excluding Directors' circulatory resolutions) and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director of the Company:

	Board	Board Meetings		Committee	Remuneration Committee	
Name of Director	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings
Farooq Khan	9	9	-	-	-	-
William Johnson	9	9	2	2	1	1
Simon Cato	9	9	2	2	1	1

Audit Committee

The current composition of the Audit Committee is Simon Cato (as Chairman) and William Johnson. The Audit Committee has a formal charter to prescribe its objectives, duties and responsibilities, access and authority, composition, membership requirements of the Committee and other administrative matters. Its function includes reviewing and approving the audited annual and reviewed half-yearly financial reports, ensuring a risk management framework is in place, reviewing and monitoring compliance issues, reviewing reports from management and matters related to the external auditor. A copy of the Audit Committee Charter may be downloaded from the Company's website: http://bel.com.au/corporate-governance

Remuneration Committee

The composition of the Remuneration Committee is Simon Cato (as Chairman) and William Johnson. A copy of the Remuneration Committee Charter may also be downloaded from the Company's website.

This Remuneration Report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director and Company Executive (being a company secretary or senior manager) (Key Management Personnel) of the Company.

The information provided under headings (1) to (6) below has been audited for compliance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) as required under section 308(3C).

(1) Remuneration Policy

The Board (with guidance from the Remuneration Committee) determines the remuneration structure of all Key Management Personnel having regard to the Consolidated Entity's strategic objectives, scale and scope of operations and other relevant factors, including experience and qualifications, length of service, market practice (including available data concerning remuneration paid by other listed companies and in particular, companies of comparable size and nature), the frequency of Board meetings, the duties and accountability of Key Management Personnel and the objective of maintaining a balanced Board which has appropriate expertise and experience, at a reasonable cost to the Company.

The Remuneration Committee: The Committee has a formal charter to prescribe its purpose, key responsibilities, composition, membership requirements, powers and other administrative matters. A purpose of the Committee is to assist the Board to adopt and implement a remuneration system that is required to attract, retain and motivate company personnel. In carrying out this 'remuneration function', the Committee's key responsibilities are to:

- make recommendations to the Board on the specific benefits to be provided to the Executive Chairman/Managing Director and any other Executive Director, including equity-based remuneration; and
- assist the Executive Chairman/Managing Director to determine the remuneration (including equity-based remuneration) of 'Senior Management' (being executive direct reports to the Managing Director and other senior employees) and advise on those determinations.

A copy of the Remuneration Committee Charter may also be downloaded from the Company's website: http://bel.com.au/corporate-governance

Corporate Governance Principles: The Company's Corporate Governance Statement (CGS) also addresses matters pertaining to the Board, Senior Management and Remuneration. The latest version of the CGS may be downloaded from the Company's website: http://bel.com.au/corporategovernance

Fixed Cash Short-term Employment Benefits: The Key Management Personnel of the Company are paid a fixed amount per annum plus applicable employer superannuation contributions. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid a maximum aggregate base remuneration of \$110,000²⁶ per annum inclusive of employer superannuation contributions where applicable, to be divided as the Board determines appropriate.

The Board has determined the following fixed cash remuneration for current Key Management Personnel during the year as follows:

Executive Directors

- Mr Faroog Khan (Executive Chairman) a base salary of \$175,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions; and
- Mr William Johnson a base salary of \$37,000 (effective from 1 January 2016; previously \$24,000) per annum plus employer superannuation contributions.

²⁶ As approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 24 November 2005; refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 25 October 2015: Notice of Annual General Meeting and Bentley's ASX announcement dated 24 November 2005: Results of 2015 AGM

Non-Executive Director

Mr Simon Cato - a base fee of \$24,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions;

Company Executive/Senior Manager

Mr Victor Ho (Company Secretary) - a base salary of \$85,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions.

Special Exertions and Reimbursements: Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, each Director is also entitled to receive:

- Payment for reimbursement of all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by a Director for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board or otherwise in and about the business of the Company; and
- (b) In respect of Non-Executive Directors, payment for the performance of extra services or the making of special exertions for the benefit of the Company (at the request of and with the concurrence of the Board).

Short-Term Benefits: The Company Secretary has the opportunity to earn performance-related cash bonuses as agreed with the Company from time to time pursuant to the terms of his employment agreement. However, there were no bonus schemes set for the Company Secretary in respect of the past 2015/16 financial year or the 2016/17 financial year. Members of the Company's Investment Committee are entitled to participate under the Company's Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS) further details are disclosed below. The Company does not otherwise have any short-term incentive (STI) cash bonus schemes (or equivalent) in place for Key Management Personnel.

Long-Term Benefits: Other than early termination benefits disclosed in 'Employment Agreement' below, Key Management Personnel have no right to termination payments save for payment of accrued unused annual and long service leave (where applicable) (other than Non-Executive Directors).

Equity-Based Benefits: The Company does not presently have any equity (shares or options) based remuneration arrangements for any personnel pursuant to any executive or employee share or option plan or otherwise.

Post-Employment Benefits: The Company does not presently provide retirement benefits to Key Management Personnel. The Company notes that shareholder approval is required where a Company proposes to make a "termination payment" (for example, a payment in lieu of notice, a payment for a post-employment restraint and payments made as a result of the automatic or accelerated vesting of share based payments) in excess of one year's "base salary" (defined as the average base salary over the previous 3 years) to a director or any person who holds a managerial or executive office.

Performance-Related Benefits and Financial Performance of Company: Save for any applicable performance-related cash bonus schemes in place for the Company Secretary or the PBS, the current remuneration of Key Management Personnel is fixed, is not dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition and is unrelated to the Company's performance.

The Company's PBS has conditions for payment being related to the Company's financial performance. If the conditions for payment under the PBS have been satisfied, the Company will pay cash bonuses to members of the Investment Committee (being the Executive Directors and the Company Secretary). Refer to Section (2) below for further information about the PBS.

In considering the Company's performance and its effects on shareholder wealth, Directors have had regard to the data set out below for the latest financial year and the previous four financial years.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Profit/(Loss) Before Income Tax	\$526,080	(\$267,300)	\$792,910	(\$336,712)	(\$2,025,345)
Basic Earnings/(Loss) per share (cents)	0.70	(0.36)	1.08	(0.46)	(2.77)
Dividends Paid (total)	\$749,389	\$1,111,395	\$733,505	-	\$2,468,351
Dividends Paid (per share)	\$0.01	\$0.015	\$0.01	-	\$0.034
Capital Returns Paid (total)	-	-	\$733,505	\$1,467,012	\$4,406,350
Capital Returns Paid (per share)	-	-	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.06
VWAP Share Price on ASX for financial year	\$0.139	\$0.132	\$0.144	\$0.156	\$0.183
Closing Bid Share Price on ASX at 30 June	\$0.135	\$0.13	\$0.145	\$0.145	\$0.15

(2) Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS)

In order to align the interests of the Investment Committee and shareholders of the Company and to provide an appropriate incentive for the achievement of superior-to-market investment returns, the Company introduced the PBS for members of the Investment Committee (effective 1 May 2010).

The key elements of the PBS (applicable from 1 July 2015) are summarised as follows:

- The performance of Bentley will be measured each financial half year (ending on 31 December (a) and 30 June) by comparing the change over the half year in the net-asset value of Bentley with the change in the net assets of Bentley that would have resulted if the investment return was equal to that recorded by the ASX All Ordinaries Index (ASX code: XAO) (Benchmark Index).
- 20% of any outperformance relative to the Benchmark Index is available for distribution to the (b) Investment Committee each half year (**Performance Bonus Pool**).
- Any underperformance in a half year will be carried forward up to the next three half years, (c) such that underperformance in a half year must be 'clawed back' by outperformance before a performance bonus can be paid in the following three half years.
- The net assets of Bentley are valued in accordance with Bentley's accounting policies and (d) Australian Accounting Standards save for the following exclusions: any provisions or liabilities in respect of a Performance Bonus Pool, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities or a provision for income tax expense.
- The terms of the PBS are to be reviewed annually by the Board. (e)
- The Performance Bonus Pool is distributed to members of the Investment Committee (f) pursuant to a resolution of the Board.
- If Bentley has incurred a net loss for the financial half year, the Board may in exceptional circumstances at its absolute discretion withhold up to 50% of the Performance Bonus Pool applicable to that financial half year.

There were no entitlements arising from the PBS for the half year ended 30 June 2016.

In respect of the half year ended 31 December 2015, Bentley outperformed the Benchmark Index by \$3,135,436, which translated to a \$364,400 Performance Bonus Pool that was paid to eligible members of the Investment Committee in March 2016²⁷ (as detailed in Section (3) below).

²⁷ Refer also details on page 13 of Bentley's ASX announcement dated 24 February 2016: December 2015 Half Year Report

(3) **Details of Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

Details of the nature and amount of each element of remuneration of each Key Management Personnel paid or payable by the Company during the financial year are as follows:

2016		Shor	t-term Benefit	s	Post- Employment Benefits	Other Long- term Benefits	Equity- Based	
Key Management Personnel	Performance- related	Cash salary and fees \$	Cash PBS entitlement	Non- cash benefit \$	Superannuation \$	Long service leave \$	Shares & options	Total \$
Executive Directo	rs:							
Farooq Khan	59%	169,615 ^(a)	273,300	-	16,497	4,039	-	463,451
William Johnson	-	30,499	-		2,898	-	-	33,397
Non-Executive Director:								
Simon Cato	-	18,000	-	-	8,280	-	-	26,280
Company Secreta	ry:							
Victor Ho	45%	78,580	83,196		15,979	6,232	-	183,987

2015 Key Management Personnel	Performance- related	Short-term Cash salary and fees	Benefits Non-cash benefit	Post- Employment Benefits Superannuation	Other Long- term Benefits Long service leave	Equity- Based Shares & options	Total
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Executive Director:							
Farooq Khan	-	164,904 ^(c)	-	15,666	-	-	180,570
Non-Executive Direc	ctors:						
William Johnson	-	24,000	-	2,280	-	-	26,280
Simon Cato(d)	-	8,548	-	4,097	-	-	12,645
Christopher Ryan ^(e)	-	66,000 ^(f)	-	-	-	-	66,000
Company Secretary:							
Victor Ho	_	85,000	-	8,075	_	-	93,075

Notes:

- (a) Net of an adjustment of \$1,346 (gross) in respect of unpaid annual leave taken during the 2016 year.
- (b) Mr Johnson transitioned from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director with effect on 1 January 2016.
- Net of an adjustment of \$10,096 (gross) in respect of unpaid annual leave taken during the 2015 year. (c)
- (d) Mr Cato was appointed a Director on 7 January 2015.28
- Mr Ryan resigned as a Director on 6 January 2015.26
- Mr Ryan's Director's fees have been paid to Westchester Financial Services Pty Limited (trading as Westchester Corporate Finance), a corporate advisory company in which Mr Ryan is principal, and is reported inclusive of GST. The amount for 2015 is also inclusive of \$52,800 fees (2014: inclusive of \$13,200 fees) for the performance of extra services/ the making of special exertions for the benefit of the Company.

²⁸ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated <u>8 January 2015: Board Changes</u>

(4) Employment Agreements

Details of the material terms of employment agreements entered by the Company with Key Management Personnel are as follows:

Key Management Personnel and Position(s) Held	Relevant Date(s)	Base Salary/Fees per annum	Other Terms
Victor Ho (Company Secretary)	8 May 2015 (date of employment agreement) 5 February 2004 (commencement date, being the date of appointment as Company Secretary) 1 May 2010 (date of effect of remuneration)	\$85,000 plus employer superannuation contributions (currently 9.5% of base salary) plus provision of office car parking	 The agreement has no fixed term or fixed rolling terms of service. Commitment to a minimum prescribed hours per week over the course of a 5 day working week plus reasonable additional time required by the Company. Standard annual leave (20 days) and personal/sick leave (10 days paid) entitlements plus entitlement to long service leave of 60 days after 7 years of service with an additional 5 days after each year of service thereafter. 3 months' notice of termination by the Company and one month's notice of termination by employee. Immediate termination without notice if employee commits any serious act of misconduct. Not prohibited from also concurrently performing the role of director or company secretary of any other company or companies, to the extent that that it does not interfere with the proper performance of duties under the agreement. Entitlement to performance related cash bonuses as agreed with the Company from time to time – as at the date of this report, no bonus scheme has been established (save for the Performance Bonus Scheme)

The Company does not presently have formal service agreements or employment agreements with other Key Management Personnel.

(5) Other Benefits Provided to Key Management Personnel

No Key Management Personnel has during or since the end of the financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit, other than a remuneration benefit as disclosed above, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related entity with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial interest.

(6) **Engagement of Remuneration Consultants**

The Company has not engaged any remuneration consultants to provide remuneration recommendations in relation to Key Management Personnel during the year. The Board has established a policy for engaging external Key Management Personnel remuneration consultants which includes, inter alia, that the Non-Executive Directors on the Remuneration Committee be responsible for approving all engagements of and executing contracts to engage remuneration consultants and for receiving remuneration recommendations from remuneration consultants regarding Key Management Personnel. Furthermore, the Company has a policy that remuneration advice provided by remuneration consultants be quarantined from Management where applicable.

(7) Shares held by Key Management Personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company held by Key Management Personnel is set below:

Key Management Personnel	Balance at 30 June 2015	Additions	Received as part of remuneration	Disposals	Balance at 30 June 2016
Executive Directors:					
Farooq Khan	-	-	-	-	-
William Johnson	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Executive Director:					
Simon Cato	-	-	-	-	=
Company Secretary:					
Victor Ho	50,000	-	-	-	50,000

Note: The disclosures of shareholdings above are in accordance with the accounting standards which require disclosure of shares held directly, indirectly or beneficially by each key management person, a close member of the family of that person, or an entity over which either of these persons have, directly or indirectly, control, joint control or significant influence (as defined under Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party

(8) Voting and Comments on the Remuneration Report at the 2015 AGM

At the Company's most recent (2015) AGM, a resolution to adopt the prior year (2015) Remuneration Report was put to a vote and passed unanimously on a show of hands with the proxies received also indicating majority (88%) support in favour of adopting the Remuneration Report.²⁹ No comments were made on the Remuneration Report at the AGM.

This concludes the audited Remuneration Report.

²⁹ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 30 November 2015: Results of 2015 Annual General Meeting

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

The Company insures Directors and Officers against liability they may incur in respect of any wrongful acts or omissions made by them in such capacity (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)) (D&O Policy). Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' DEEDS

In addition to the rights of indemnity provided under the Company's Constitution (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)), the Company has also entered into a deed with each of the Directors and the Company Secretary (Officer) to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Officer, both during the time the Officer holds office and after the Officer ceases to be an officer of the Company, including the following matters:

- The Company's obligation to indemnify an Officer for liabilities or legal costs incurred as an officer (a) of the Company (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)); and
- Subject to the terms of the deed and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), the Company may advance (b) monies to the Officer to meet any costs or expenses of the Officer incurred in circumstances relating to the indemnities provided under the deed and prior to the outcome of any legal proceedings brought against the Officer.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of such proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during and since the financial year.

AUDITORS

Bentley has changed its Auditors from BDO to Rothsay Auditing (a firm of Chartered Accountants with offices in Perth and Sydney), with effect on 12 February 2016.30 The transition of Auditors occurred as part of a review of the Company's corporate administration costs - Rothsay was selected after considering proposals received from BDO and a number of other audit firms. Rothsay will hold office as Auditor until the next annual general meeting of the Company, at which time shareholder approval will be sought for their re-appointment and continuation as Auditor.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditors for audit and non-audit services provided during the financial year are set out below:

Auditor	Audit & Review Fees \$	Non-Audit Services \$	Total \$
Rothsay Auditing	22,000	-	22,000
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd	-	-	-

³⁰ Refer Bentley's ASX announcement dated 12 February 2016: Change of Auditors.

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). The Board is satisfied that the nature of the non-audit services disclosed above did not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants: Professional Independence, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Rothsay Auditing continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) forms part of this Directors Report and is set out on page 25. This relates to the Audit Report, where the Auditors state that they have issued an independence declaration.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

The Directors are not aware of any matters or circumstances at the date of this Directors' Report, other than those referred to in this Directors' Report (in particular, in the Review of Operations) or the financial statements or notes thereto (in particular Note 26), that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, the results of operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial vears.

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board,

Farooq Khan Chairman

31 August 2016

Simon Cato

Non-Executive Director



Level 1, Lincoln House, 4 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth WA 6005 P.O. Box 8716, Perth Business Centre WA 6849 Phone 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au

The Directors
Bentley Capital Limited
Level 2 23 Ventnor Ave
West Perth WA 6005

Dear Sirs

In accordance with Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (the "Act") I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Act in relation to the audit of the 30 June 2016 financial statements; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

Graham Swan FCA (Lead auditor)

Rothsay Auditing

Dated 3 \ August 2016

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016	2015
REVENUE		\$	\$
Investment	2		
Dividend revenue		31,893	138,627
Interest revenue		149,834	58,179
Other			
Net gain on initial recognition of financial asset as Associate entity		-	1,909,695
Net gain on sale of financial asset held for sale		-	270,857
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		2,998,568	-
Other income		78,202	20,727
TOTAL REVENUE AND INCOME		3,258,497	2,398,085
EXPENSES	3		
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	(935,542)
Share of loss in Associate entity		(100,204)	(115,484)
Provision for doubtful debt - convertible note		(132,782)	-
Software development expenses		(1,137,732)	(711,994)
Investment expenses		(84,363)	(64,788)
Occupancy expenses		(33,918)	(60,275)
Corporate expenses		(65,942)	(64,253)
Finance expenses		(8,641)	(2,735)
Administration expenses		(1,168,835)	(710,314)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		526,080	(267,300)
Income tax expense	5	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		526,080	(267,300)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		526,080	(267,300)
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE FOR PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY:			
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	6	0.70	(0.36)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,344,723	135,674
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	11,712,339	6,136,351
Receivables	11	98,568	149,973
Other current assets		3,650	15,216
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		13,159,280	6,437,214
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables	11	10,113	138,169
Investment in Associate entity	21	2,790,238	9,495,747
Intangible assets	12	604,479	639,468
Property, plant and equipment		15,336	19,933
Deferred tax asset	5	9,835	358,969
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		3,430,001	10,652,286
TOTAL ASSETS		16,589,281	17,089,500
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	13	124,039	144,577
Provisions	14	167,686	159,817
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		291,725	304,394
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	5	9,835	358,969
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		9,835	358,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES		301,560	663,363
NET ASSETS		16,287,721	16,426,137
EQUITY			
Issued capital	15	19,378,595	19,293,706
Profits reserve	16	3,520,118	677,596
Accumulated losses	10	(6,610,992)	(3,545,165)
TOTAL EQUITY		16,287,721	16,426,137

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2016

			Profits A	Accumulated	
	Note	Issued capital	reserve	losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2014		19,165,182	656,053	(2,144,927)	17,676,308
Profit for the year		-	-	(267,300)	(267,300)
Profits reserve transfer		-	430,925	(430,925)	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	430,925	(698,225)	(267,300)
Transactions with owners in their capac	ity as owr	ners:			
Shares issued under dividend	17	128,524	-	-	128,524
reinvestment plan					
Dividends paid	17	-	(409,382)	(702,013)	(1,111,395)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2015	=	19,293,706	677,596	(3,545,165)	16,426,137
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2015		19,293,706	677,596	(3,545,165)	16,426,137
Profit for the year		-	-	526,080	526,080
Profits reserve transfer		-	3,591,907	(3,591,907)	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	r	-	3,591,907	(3,065,827)	526,080
Transactions with owners in their capac	ity as owr	ners:			
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	17	84,889	-	-	84,889
Dividends paid	17	-	(749,385)	-	(749,385)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2016	_	19,378,595	3,520,118	(6,610,992)	16,287,721

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends received		115,014	49,577
Interest received		125,152	37,877
Other income received		101,170	263,439
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,360,917)	(1,519,308)
Sale/Redemption of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		4,481,952	7,546,389
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(10,730,769)	(5,348,456)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7(a)	(8,268,398)	1,029,518
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of Associate entity		13,167,143	-
Investment in Associate entity		(2,890,442)	-
Payments for intangible assets		(139,830)	(325,776)
Purchase of plant and equipment		(2,703)	(10,404)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		10,134,168	(336,180)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(655,530)	(970,736)
Return of capital		(1,191)	(3,519)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(656,721)	(974,255)
NET DECREASE IN CASH HELD		1,209,049	(280,917)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		135,674	416,591
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	7	1,344,723	135,674

for the year ended 30 June 2016

ABOUT THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

Background 1.1

This financial report covers the consolidated financial statement of the consolidated entity consisting of Bentley Capital Limited (the Company), its subsidiaries and investments in associates (the Consolidated Entity or Bentley). The financial report is presented in the Australian currency.

Bentley Capital Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

These financial statements have been prepared on a streamlined basis where key information is grouped together for ease of understanding and readability. The notes include information which is required to understand the financial statements and is material and relevant to the operations, financial position and performance of the Consolidated Entity.

Information is considered material and relevant if, for example:

- the amount in question is significant because of its (a)
- (b) it is important for understanding the results of the Consolidated Entity;
- (c) it helps to explain the impact of significant changes in the Consolidated Entity's business; or
- it relates to an aspect of the Consolidated Entity's (d) operations that may be important to its future performance.

The notes to the financial statements are organised into the following sections:

Key Performance: Provides a breakdown of the (a) key individual line items in the statement of comprehensive income that is most relevant to understanding performance and shareholder returns for the year:

Notes

- 2 Revenue
- 3 Expenses
- Segment information
- 5 Income tax
- Earnings/(loss) per share
- (b) Financial Risk Management: Provides information about the Consolidated Entity's exposure and management of various financial risks and explains how these affect the Consolidated Entity's financial position and performance:

Notes

- Cash and cash equivalents
- 8 Financial assets at fair value through profit
- Financial risk management
- 10 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Other Assets and Liabilities: Provides information (c) on other balance sheet assets and liabilities that do not materially affect performance or give rise to material financial risk:

Notes

- Receivables 11
- 12 Intangible assets
- 13 Payables
- 14 Provisions
- (d) Capital Structure: This section outlines how the Consolidated Entity manages its capital structure and related financing costs (where applicable), as well as capital adequacy and reserves. It also provides details on the dividends paid by the Company:

Notes

- 15 Issued capital
- Profits reserve 16
- 17 Dividends
- 18 Capital risk management
- Consolidated Entity Structure: Provides details and disclosures relating to the parent entity of the Consolidated Entity, controlled investments in associates and any acquisitions and/or disposals of businesses in the year. Disclosure on related parties is also provided in the section:

Notes

- 19 Parent entity information
- 20 Investment in controlled entities
- 21 Investment in associate entity
- 22 Related party transactions
- Other: Provides information on items which require disclosure to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and other regulatory pronouncements however, are not considered significant in understanding the financial performance or position of the Consolidated Entity:

Notes

- 23 Auditors' remuneration
- 24 Commitments
- 25 Contingencies
- Events occurring after the reporting period

Significant and other accounting policies that summarise the measurement basis used and presentation policies and are relevant to an understanding of the financial statements are provided throughout the notes to the financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

1.2 Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Australia Accounting Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). The Company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The consolidated financial statements of the Consolidated Entity comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Reporting Basis and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.3 Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the Company as at 30 June 2016 and the results of its subsidiaries for the year then ended. The Company and its subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as Bentley or the Consolidated Entity.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

1.4 Comparative Figures

Where required by the Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial period.

1.5 Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the

GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

1.6 Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets (where applicable) to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets (where applicable) with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Consolidated Entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

1.7. Summary of Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

The following new Accounting Standards and Interpretations (which have been released but not yet adopted) have no material impact on the Consolidated Entity's financial statements or the associated notes therein.

AASB Reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application Date
AASB 9	Financial Instruments	 Classification and measurement AASB 9 amendments the classification and measurement of financial assets: Financial assets will either be measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial assets are measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI if certain restrictive conditions are met. All other financial assets are measured at FVTPL. All investments in equity instruments will be measured at fair value. For those investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, there is an irrevocable election to present gains and losses in OCI. Dividends will be recognised in profit or loss The following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement into AASB 9: Classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and Derecognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment The new impairment model in AASB 9 is now based on an 'expected loss' model rather than an 'incurred loss' model. A complex three stage model applies to debt instruments at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income for recognising impairment losses. A simplified impairment model applies to trade receivables and lease receivables with maturities that are less than 12 months. For trade receivables and lease receivables with maturities have a choice of applying the complex three stage model or the simplified model. 	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
AASB 2015-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012- 2014 Cycle	Non-urgent but necessary changes to standards	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

for the year ended 30 June 2016

1.7 Summary of Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective (continued)

AASB Reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application Date
AASB 2014-9	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	Currently, investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are accounted for in separate financial statements at cost or at fair value under AASB 139/AASB 9. These amendments provide an additional option to account for these investments using the equity method as described in AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
AASB 2014-10	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	AASB 2014-10 amends AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and AASB 128 to address an inconsistency between the requirements in AASB 10 and those in AASB 128 (August 2011), in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require: • A full gain or loss to be recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not; and • A partial gain or loss to be recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
IFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	An entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised good or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This means that revenue will be recognised when control of goods or services is transferred, rather than on transfer of risks and rewards as is currently the case under IAS 18 <i>Revenue</i> .	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
AASB 16	Leases	 Lessee accounting Lessees are required to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments (including inflation-linked payments), and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. 	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

for the year ended 30 June 2016

2. REVENUE

	2016	2015
The consolidated profit/(loss) before income tax includes the following items of revenue:	\$	\$
Investment		
Dividend revenue	31,893	138,627
Interest revenue	149,834	58,179
	181,727	196,806
Other		
Net gain on initial recognition of financial asset as Associate entity	-	1,909,695
Net gain on sale of financial asset held for sale	-	270,857
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,998,568	-
Other income	78,202	20,727
	3,258,497	2,398,085

Accounting policy

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

(a) Sale of financial assets, goods and other assets

Revenue from the sale of financial assets, goods or other assets is recognised when the Consolidated Entity has passed control of the financial assets, goods or other assets to the buyer

(b) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

(c) Dividend revenue

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. The Consolidated Entity brings dividend revenue to account on the applicable ex-dividend entitlement date

(d) Other revenues

Other revenues are recognised on a receipts basis.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

3. EXPENSES

EXTENSES	2016	2015
The consolidated profit/(loss) before income tax includes the following items of expenses:	\$	\$
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	935,542
Share of loss in Associate entity	100,204	115,484
Provision for doubtful debt - convertible note	132,782	-
Software development expenses		
Amortisation of software development assets	141,788	38,720
Write-off of software development costs	33,030	126,277
Other software development expenses	962,914	546,997
Investment expenses		
Management fees	7,226	37,645
Brokers' fees	63,242	14,115
Subscriptions	13,345	13,028
Other investment expenses	550	-
Occupancy expenses	33,918	60,275
Corporate expenses		
ASX fees	36,057	33,957
Share registry	26,455	24,621
Other corporate expenses	3,430	5,675
Finance expenses	8,641	2,735
Administration expenses		
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	335,896	328,175
Performance Bonus Scheme payment	364,400	-
Accounting, taxation and related administration	142,712	138,351
Office administration	75,159	67,880
Audit	22,085	48,591
Legal fees	149,597	43,275
Travel, accommodation and incidentals	10,484	47,492
Insurance	15,940	14,973
Depreciation	6,491	5,400
Other administration expenses	46,071	16,177
	2,732,417	2,665,385

for the year ended 30 June 2016

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

		Software		
30 Jun 2016	Investments	Development	Corporate	Total
Segment revenues	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	181,727	-	-	181,727
Other	2,998,568	52,512	25,690	3,076,770
Total segment revenues	3,180,295	52,512	25,690	3,258,497
Software development expenses	-	1,104,685	33,030	1,137,715
Investment expenses	84,363	-	-	84,363
Administration expenses	-	-	1,399,567	1,399,567
Other expenses	_	4,495	106,277	110,772
Total segment profit/(loss)	3,095,932	(1,056,668)	(1,513,184)	526,080
Segment assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	771,473	-	573,250	1,344,723
Financial assets	11,712,339	-	-	11,712,339
Investment in Associate	2,790,238	-	-	2,790,238
Intangible assets	-	604,479	-	604,479
Other assets	-	9,582	127,920	137,502
Total segment assets	15,274,050	614,061	701,170	16,589,281
30 Jun 2015				
Segment revenues				
Revenue	214,659	-	-	214,659
Other	2,180,552	2,654	220	2,183,426
Total segment revenues	2,395,211	2,654	220	2,398,085
Software development expenses	_	711,995	-	711,995
Investment expenses	1,115,815	-	-	1,115,815
Administration expenses	-	_	704,913	704,913
Other expenses	_	2,908	129,754	132,662
Total segment profit/(loss)	1,279,396	(712,249)	(834,447)	(267,300)
Segment assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	125,688	-	9,986	135,674
Financial assets	6,136,351	_	-	6,136,351
Intangible assets	9,495,747	_	-	9,495,747
Financial asset held for sale	-	639,468	-	639,468
Other assets	247,559	12,747	421,954	682,260
Total segment assets	16,005,345	652,215	431,940	17,089,500

for the year ended 30 June 2016

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Accounting Policy

The operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the "Chief Operating Decision Maker" (CODM). The Consolidated Entity's CODM is the Board of Directors who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

The Board has considered the business and geographical perspectives of the operating results and determined that the Consolidated Entity operates only within Australia, with the main segments being Investments and Software Development.

Description of segments

- (a) Investments comprise of equity investments of companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX and liquid financial assets;
- (b) Software Development is in relation to the software, Internet and applications development division;
- (c) Corporate items are mainly comprised of corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

Liabilities

Liabilities are not reported to the CODM by segment. All liabilities are assessed at a Consolidated Entity level.

5. INCOME TAX

		2016	2015
(a)	The components of tax expense comprise:	\$	\$
	Current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax	-	-
		-	-
(b)	The prima facie tax on operating profit/(loss) before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:		
	Prima facie tax payable on operating profit/(loss) before income tax at 30% (2015: 30%)	157,824	(80,190)
	Adjust tax effect of:		
	Non-deductible expenses	46,259	17,329
	Taxable income in excess of accounting income	10,288	(26,842)
	Franking credits	20,932	3,985
	Prior year tax losses brought to account	(235,303)	85,718
	Income tax attributable to entity	-	-
(c)	Deferred taxes		
	Deferred tax assets		
	Employee benefits & accruals	12,628	12,600
	Financial assets	121,799	-
	Tax losses	(124,592)	346,369
		9,835	358,969

for the year ended 30 June 2016

5. INCOME TAX (continued)

(c) Deferred taxes (continued)			2016	2015
Deferred tax liabilities			\$	\$
Financial assets			-	350,518
Other		<u>-</u>	9,835	8,451
		:	9,835	358,969
	Employee	Financial		
(i) Movements - deferred tax assets	benefits	assets	Tax losses	Total
(-) Wiovements - deferred tax assets	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2014	10,046	Ψ -	369,402	379,448
Credited/(charged) to the profit and loss	2,554	_	(23,033)	(20,479)
At 30 June 2015	12,600	-	346,369	358,969
At 1 July 2015	12,600	-	346,369	358,969
Credited/(charged) to the profit and loss	28	121,799	(470,961)	(349,134)
At 30 June 2016	12,628	121,799	(124,592)	9,835
		Financial		
(ii) Movements - deferred tax liabilities		assets	Other	Total
		\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2014		378,133	1,315	379,448
Credited/(charged) to the profit and loss		(27,615)	7,136	(20,479)
At 30 June 2015	- -	350,518	8,451	358,969
		250 540	0.454	250.000
At 1 July 2015		350,518	8,451	358,969
Credited/(charged) to the profit and loss	-	(350,518)	1,384 9,835	(349,134) 9,835
At 30 June 2016	=		9,033	9,033
			2016	2015
(iii) Unrecognised deferred tax balances			\$	\$
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - revenue loss	es		2,201,212	4,689,757
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - capital losses				
Officeografied deferred tax asset - capital losses	5		727,220	645,231

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

The Consolidated Entity is subject to income taxes (and other similar taxes) in Australia. Judgement is required in determining the Consolidated Entity's provision for income taxes.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised as, in the Directors' opinion, it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Consolidated Entity can utilise the benefits. The utilisation of revenue and capital tax losses are subject to compliance with taxation legislation.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

5. INCOME TAX (continued)

Accounting policy

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each taxing jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses (if applicable).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each taxing jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The amount of deferred tax assets benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Consolidated Entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the Consolidated Entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

6.	EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE	2016	2015
		cents	cents
	Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	0.70	(0.36)
	The following represents the profit/(loss) and weighted average number of shares	2016	2015
	used in the EPS calculations:	\$	\$
	Net profit/(loss) after income tax	526,080	(267,300)
		Shares	Shares
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	75,109,538	74,408,714

The Consolidated Entity has no securities outstanding which have the potential to convert to ordinary shares and dilute the basic earnings per share.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

6. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

Accounting policy

Basic earnings/loss per share is determined by dividing the operating result after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the financial period.

Diluted earnings/loss per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings/loss per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings/loss per share that will probably arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the financial period.

2016 2015 7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank and in hand 1,344,723 135,674

Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

(a)	Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities	2016	2015
	provided by operating activities	\$	\$
	Profit/(Loss) after income tax	526,080	(267,300)
	Add non-cash items:		
	Depreciation	6,491	5,400
	Write-off of plant and equipment	809	386
	Share of loss in Associate entity	100,204	115,484
	Amortisation of software development assets	141,788	38,720
	Write-off of software development costs	33,030	126,277
	Provision for convertible notes	132,782	-
	Net unrealised loss/(gain) on financial assets at fair value	935,535	(188,676)
	through profit or loss		
	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(6,511,523)	1,141,600
	Investment in Associate entity	(3,671,396)	-
	Receivables	46,680	(19,672)
	Other current assets	11,567	(11,566)
	Payables	(20,538)	80,352
	Provisions	93	8,513
		(8,268,398)	1,029,518

2015

2016

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2016

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2016	2015
Current	\$	\$
Listed investments at fair value	6,891,808	920,646
Units in unlisted CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale)	4,820,531	5,215,705
	11,712,339	6,136,351

Accounting policy

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit and loss acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: (Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments) will recognise its realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date which is the current bid price. The fair value of the unlisted units in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale), is determined from unit price information provided by investment manager, CBG Asset Management Limited. The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio is accounted for as a "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and is carried at fair value.

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Entity's financial instruments consist of deposits with banks, receivables and payables, investments in listed securities and investments in the unlisted CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) (CBG The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity is the management of its investments (Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss) (refer to Note 8). The Consolidated Entity's investments are subject to market (which includes price and interest rate risk), credit and liquidity risks.

The Board is responsible for the overall internal control framework (which includes risk management) but no costeffective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The system is based, in part, on the appointment of suitably qualified management personnel. The effectiveness of the system is continually reviewed by management and at least annually by the Board.

The financial receivables and payables of the Consolidated Entity in the table below are due or payable within 30 days. The financial investments are held for trading and are realised at the discretion of the Investment Committee.

The Consolidated Entity holds the following financial assets and liabilities:		2015
Note	\$	\$
7	1,344,723	135,674
8	11,712,339	6,136,351
11	98,568	278,142
	13,155,630	6,550,167
13	(124,039)	(144,577)
	13,031,591	6,405,590
	Note 7 8 11	Note\$71,344,723811,712,3391198,56813,155,63013(124,039)

for the year ended 30 June 2016

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value and/or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market factors. Market risk comprises of price risk from fluctuations in the fair value of equities and interest rate risk from fluctuations in market interest rates.

(i) Price risk

The Consolidated Entity is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Consolidated Entity and classified in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value through profit or loss. The Consolidated Entity is exposed to commodity price risk in respect of its investments indirectly via market risk and equity securities price risk.

The value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments in the market. By its nature as an investment company, the Consolidated Entity will always be subject to market risk as it invests its capital in securities that are not risk free. This is reflected in the market price of these securities which can and will fluctuate. The Consolidated Entity does not manage this risk through entering into derivative contracts, futures, options or swaps.

Equity price risk is minimised through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with Board established mandate limits and investment strategies.

The Consolidated Entity is advised by investment manager, CBG Asset Management Limited. The CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale) comprises underlying investments in a diversified portfolio both in terms of number of securities held and exposure to a wide range of industry sectors.

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis on its exposure to equity securities price risk for listed and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. The All Ordinaries Accumulation Index was utilised as the benchmark for the investment portfolio.

	Impact on post-	Impact on post-tax profit		quity
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase 5%	585,617	306,818	585,617	306,818
Decrease 5%	(585,617)	(306,818)	(585,617)	(306,818)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to investments held in interest bearing instruments. The weighted average interest rate of the cash at bank for the year for the table below is 2.62% (2015: 1.85%)

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate and the financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)	Impact on post-tax profit		Impact on equity	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase 1%	13,447	2,638	13,447	2,638
Decrease 1%	(13,447)	(2,638)	(13,447)	(2,638)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's noncash investments can be realised to meet payables arising in the normal course of business. The financial liabilities disclosed in the above table have a maturity obligation of not more than 30 days.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty under a financial instrument will default (in whole or in part) on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Consolidated Entity. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by the investment manager carrying out all market transactions through recognised and creditworthy brokers and the monitoring of receivable balances. The Consolidated Entity's business activities do not necessitate the requirement for collateral as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The credit quality of the financial assets are neither past due nor impaired and can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available with S&P Global Ratings) or to historical information about counterparty default rates. The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised below:

	2016	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
AA-	1,342,544	109,075
A		26,349
	1,342,544	135,424
Receivables (due within 30 days)		
No external credit rating available	98,568	149,973

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables present the Consolidated Entity's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2016 categorised by the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; (i)
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or (ii) liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). (iii)

for the year ended 30 June 2016

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

30 Jun 2016

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
6,891,808	-	-	6,891,808
-	4,820,531	-	4,820,531
6,891,808	4,820,531	-	11,712,339
920,646	-	-	920,646
-	5,215,705	-	5,215,705
920,646	5,215,705	-	6,136,351
	\$ 6,891,808 - 6,891,808 920,646 -	\$ \$ 6,891,808	\$ \$ \$ \$ 6,891,808

There have been no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year.

Accounting policy

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Consolidated Entity is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques, including but not limited to recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models. The Consolidated Entity may use a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each Balance Date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for other financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Consolidated Entity for similar financial instruments.

The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio (comprising listed and unlisted securities) is accounted for as a "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and is carried at fair value based on the quoted last bid prices at the reporting date (refer to Note 8).

for the year ended 30 June 2016

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Valuation techniques

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques such as the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

The fair value of the unlisted units in the CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale), is determined from unit price information provided by investment manager, CBG Asset Management Limited and as such this financial instrument is included in Level 2.

(b) Level 3 fair value measurements

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. Investments in unlisted shares are considered Level 3 investments as their fair value is unable to be derived from market data. The Directors assess the fair value of these investments based on information obtained from the companies directly.

Unobservable inputs such as earnings growth in respect of unlisted securities are estimated based on market information for similar type of companies. At balance date the investment in unlisted shares has been fully impaired.

(c)	Fair values of other financial instruments	Note	2016	2015
	Financial assets		\$	\$
	Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,344,723	135,674
	Receivables	11	98,568	278,142
			1,443,291	413,816
	Financial liabilities			
	Payables	13	(124,039)	(144,577)

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of cash, current receivables and current payables is assumed to approximate their fair value.

11. RECEIVABLES

	2016	2015
Current	\$	\$
Deposits and bonds	63,750	19,333
Income distributions receivable	30,334	119,390
Other receivables	4,484	11,250
	98,568	149,973
Non current		
Convertible note	100,000	100,000
Interest receivable	32,782	28,169
Provision for convertible note	(132,782)	-
	-	128,169
Deposits and bonds	10,113	10,000
	10,113	138,169

for the year ended 30 June 2016

11. RECEIVABLES (continued)

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

The convertible note issued by (Minera Gold Limited (ASX:MIZ)) matured on 30 September 2014. MIZ has been suspended from the ASX since 21 August 2015 and on 25 August 2015, the MIZ Board appointed Voluntary Administrators. An accrued interest receivable has been recognised based on the note's coupon rate of 18% per annum to maturity plus an interest rate of 23.25% per annum applicable from maturity to the date MIZ was put placed into administration (from 1 October 2014 to 25 August 2015). The Directors have fully provided for the convertible note.

Accounting policy

Receivables are recorded at amounts due less any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when considered nonrecoverable.

Financial instruments such as loans and receivables are initially measured at cost. These non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Risk exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to credit and interest rate risks is discussed in Note 9.

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Opening balance	639,468	478,689
Software development costs	139,829	325,776
Write-off of software development costs	(33,030)	(126,277)
Amortisation of software development assets	(141,788)	(38,720)
Closing balance	604,479	639,468

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

Indefinite life of intangible assets

The Consolidated Entity tests annually or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate impairment and whether the indefinite life of intangible assets has suffered any impairment, in accordance with Note 1.6.

Accounting policy

Expenditure during the research phase of a software development project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when:

- (i) the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project is demonstrated;
- (ii) the Consolidated Entity has an intention and ability to complete the project and use or sell it; and
- (iii) the costs can be measured reliably.

Such costs include payments to external contractors to develop the software, any purchase of materials and equipment and personnel costs of employees directly involved in the project.

Capitalised software development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is based on a straight-line method over periods generally ranging from 1 to 4 years matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project. The amortisation period and amortisation method of intangible assets other than goodwill are reviewed at least at each balance sheet date. No amortisation has taken place on projects that have not been completed as at the reporting date.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

13. PAYABLES	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Trade payables	24,814	20,533
Other payables and accrued expenses	99,225	124,044
	124,039	144,577

Accounting policy

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Consolidated Entity prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Risk exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks arising from current payables is set out in Note 9.

14. PROVISIONS	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Return of capital - refer (b)	94,266	95,457
Provision for dividends - refer (c)	31,328	22,361
Employee benefits - annual leave - refer (d)	25,662	15,298
Employee benefits - long service leave - refer (d)	16,430	26,701
	167,686	159,817

Accounting policy

Short-term obligations

Provision is made for the Consolidated Entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the Balance Date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year from the Balance Date have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Employer superannuation contributions are made by the Consolidated Entity in accordance with statutory obligations and are charged as an expense when incurred.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long-service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the Balance Date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

(a) Movements in provisions

Movements in each class of provision during the financial	Return		
year, other than employee benefits, are set out as follows:	of capital	Dividends	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance	95,457	22,361	117,818
Charged/(Credited) to equity	-	749,385	749,385
Amounts paid/shares issued during the year	(1,191)	(740,418)	(741,609)
Closing balance	94,266	31,328	125,594

for the year ended 30 June 2016

14. PROVISIONS (continued)

(b) Return of capital

The provision reflects the return of capital unclaimed by shareholders. The return of capital has no effect on the total number of shares on issue nor the holdings of each shareholder.

(c) Dividends

The Company paid two 0.5 cent per share fully franked dividends to shareholders in September 2015 and March 2016 at a total cost of \$749,385. The provision reflects the dividends unclaimed by shareholders.

(d) Amounts not expected to be settled within 12 months

The provision for annual leave and long service leave is presented as current since the Consolidated Entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these employee benefits. Long service leave covers all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances.

Based on past experience, the employees have never taken the full amount of long service leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months:

			2016	2015
			\$	\$
Leave obligations expected to be settled after 12	2 months	<u></u>	16,430	26,701
15. ISSUED CAPITAL	2016	2015	2016	2015
	Number	Number	\$	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	75,414,727	74,800,211	19,378,595	19,293,706

Accounting policy

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and the right to dividends.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

		Issue price		
		cents	Number	Total
Movement in ordinary shares	Date of Issue	per share	of shares	\$
At 1 July 2014			73,896,071	19,165,182
Issue under dividend reinvestment plan	26-Sep-14	0.1486	537,076	79,815
Issue under dividend reinvestment plan	20-Mar-15	0.1327	367,064	48,709
At 30 June 2015		_	74,800,211	19,293,706
		_		
At 1 July 2015			74,800,211	19,293,706
Issue under dividend reinvestment plan	25-Sep-15	0.1453	278,226	40,432
Issue under dividend reinvestment plan	18-Mar-16	0.1322	336,290	44,457
At 30 June 2016		_	75,414,727	19,378,595
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

for the year ended 30 June 2016

15. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

Issue under dividend reinvestment plan

The Company has established a dividend reinvestment plan under which holders of ordinary shares may elect to have all or part of their dividend entitlements satisfied by the issue of new ordinary shares rather than by being paid in cash. Shares issued under the plan during the current and previous financial year were set at a 2.5% discount to the volume weighted average market price over five trading days up to and including the relevant dividend record date.

16. PROFITS RESERVE	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Profits reserve	3,520,118	677,596
		_
Movements in profit reserve		
Opening balance	677,596	656,053
Profits reserve transfer	3,591,907	430,925
Dividends paid (Note 17)	(749,385)	(409,382)
Closing balance	3,520,118	677,596

Accounting policy

An increase in the Profits Reserve will arise when the Company generates a net profit (after tax) for a relevant financial period (i.e. half year or full year) which the Board determines to credit to the Company's Profits Reserve. Dividends may be paid out of (and debited from) the Company's Profits Reserve, from time to time.

17. DIVIDENDS

		2016	2015
Dividends paid during the financial year:	Paid On	\$	\$
0.95 cent per share fully franked dividend	26-Sep-14	-	702,013
0.55 cent per share fully franked dividend	20-Mar-15	-	409,382
0.50 cent per share fully franked dividend	25-Sep-15	373,997	-
0.50 cent per share fully franked dividend	18-Mar-16	375,388	-
	<u> </u>	749,385	1,111,395
Dividends paid in cash or satisfied by issue of shares Reinvestment Plan (DRP) were as follows:	under the Dividend		
Paid in cash		664,496	982,871
Satisfied by issue of shares under DRP		84,889	128,524
		749,385	1,111,395
		· ·	

Accounting policy

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared (being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity) on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the Balance Date.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

17. DIVIDENDS (continued)

	2016	2015
Franking credits available for subsequent periods based on a tax	\$	\$
rate of 30% (2015: 30%)	1,806,997	2,127,052

The above amounts represent the balance of the franking account as at the end of the reporting period, adjusted for:

- (a) Franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at balance date;
- (b) Franking credits that will arise from the payment of the amount of the provision for income tax; and
- (c) Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at balance date.

The franking credits attributable to the Consolidated Entity include franking credits that would be available to the parent entity if distributable profits of subsidiaries were paid as dividends.

18. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a capital structure balancing the interests of all shareholders.

The Board will consider capital management initiatives as is appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and shareholders from time to time, including undertaking capital raisings, share buy-backs, capital reductions and the payment of dividends.

The Consolidated Entity has no external borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

19. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The following information provided relates to the Company, Bentley Capital Limited, as at 30 June 2016.

	2016	2015
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	\$	\$
Profit for the year	1,943,660	422,252
Income tax	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,943,660	422,252
Statement of financial position		
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,103,111	98,438
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,866,291	315,487
Investment in controlled entities	11,486,043	11,486,043
Investment in Associate entity	2,102,140	8,697,333
Loans to controlled entities	1,982,519	1,536,449
Receivables	25,410	33,884
Property, plant and equipment	4,505	5,734
Other	3,649	6,973
Total assets	18,573,668	22,180,341

2015

for the year ended 30 June 2016

19. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION (continued)

	2016	2015
Liabilities	\$	\$
Loan from controlled entity	6,311,353	11,307,434
Payables	32,498	50,593
Provisions	145,160	144,991
Total liabilities	6,489,011	11,503,018
Net assets	12,084,657	10,677,323
Issued capital	19,378,596	19,293,706
Profits reserve	3,125,382	677,595
Accumulated losses	(10,419,321)	(9,293,978)
Equity	12,084,657	10,677,323

20. INVESTMENT IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

		Ownership interest		
Investment in controlled entities	Incorporated	2016	2015	
Scarborough Equities Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%	
Scarborough Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%	
Bentley Portfolio No.1 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%	
Devisd Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%	
ShopBites Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%	
rdrct.it Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%	
Yurn.it Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%	
My Social Stream Pty Limited (incorporated on 17 August 2015)	Australia	100%	-	

Accounting policy

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Consolidated Entity has control. The Consolidated Entity controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Consolidated Entity.

The controlled entities have a June financial year-end. All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

21. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE ENTITY

	Ownership Interest		2016	2015
	2016	2015	\$	\$
Strike Resources Limited (ASX:SRK)	36.16%	-	2,790,238	-
Molopo Energy Limited (ASX:MPO)	-	19.95%	-	9,495,747
			2,790,238	9,495,747

On 26 August 2015, Bentley sold its 49,687,332 (19.95%) shareholding in MPO on-market at a price of 26.5 cents per share for a total consideration of \$13.167 million. Bentley realised a net gain of \$3.67 million based on a carrying value as at 30 June 2015.

Bentley's off-market 5.5 cent per share cash takeover bid for SRK successfully closed on 2 September 2015 with acceptances received totalling 52,553,493 Strike shares (representing a 36.16% relevant interest in Strike).

With effect on 2 September 2015, Bentley's investment in SRK is regarded as an Associated Entity (over which Bentley is considered to have significant influence) and is accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Accounting policy

Associates are all entities over which the Consolidated Entity has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between approximately 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in Associates in the consolidated financial statements are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. On initial recognition investment in associates are recognised at cost, for investments which were classified as fair value through profit or loss, any gains or losses previously recognised are reversed through profit or loss. Under this method, the Consolidated Entity's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of Associates are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, and its share of postacquisition movements in reserves is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

Dividends receivable from Associates are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, while in the Statement of Financial Position they reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Consolidated Entity's share of losses in an Associate equals or exceeds its interest in the Associate, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Consolidated Entity does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the Associate.

Where applicable, unrealised gains on transactions between the Consolidated Entity and its Associates are eliminated to the extent of the Consolidated Entity's interest in the Associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of Associates are aligned to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity, where practicable.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

21. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE ENTITY (continued)

	2016	2015
Reconciliation of carrying amount:	\$	\$
Investment at cost	9,495,747	9,611,231
Share of Associates' net loss after tax	(100,204)	(115,484)
Disposal of MPO shares	(9,495,747)	-
Acquisition of SRK shares	2,890,442	-
Carrying amount on investment in Associate Entity	2,790,238	9,495,747
Fair value of listed investment in Associate		
Strike Resources Limited	2,732,782	-
Molopo Energy Limited	-	7,204,663
	2,732,782	7,204,663
Net asset value of investment		
Strike Resources Limited	2,521,582	-
Molopo Energy Limited (\$'000)	-	11,771
Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	\$	\$'000
Revenue	270,630	-
Expenses	(899,300)	(449)
Loss before income tax	(628,670)	(449)
Income tax expense	-	(39)
Loss after income tax	(628,670)	(488)
Other comprehensive income	(38,113)	(90)
Total comprehensive income	(666,783)	(578)
Summarised statement of financial position		
Current assets	7,045,095	68,090
Non-current assets	2,287	-
Total assets	7,047,382	68,090
Current liabilities	74,062	241
Non-current liabilities	-	8,847
Total liabilities	74,062	9,088
Net assets	6,973,320	59,002

for the year ended 30 June 2016

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with key management personnel (KMP)

Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Consolidated Entity's KMP for the year ended 30 June 2016. The total remuneration paid to KMP of the Consolidated Entity during the year is as follows:

	2016	2015
Directors	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		
Performance Bonus Scheme payment	273,300	-
Other	218,114	263,452
Post-employment benefits	27,675	22,043
Other long-term benefits	4,039	-
Other KMP		
Short-term employee benefits		
Performance Bonus Scheme payment	83,196	-
Other	78,580	85,000
Post-employment benefits	15,979	8,075
Other long-term benefits	6,232	
	707,115	378,570

(b) Transactions with other related parties

No other related party transactions have been identified than those disclosed above.

23. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	2016	2015
Rothsay Auditing	\$	\$
Audit and review of financial statements	22,000	-
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd		
Audit and review of financial statements	-	39,663
Taxation services	-	8,080
Other fees	_	849
	22,000	48,592

The Company changed its Auditors from BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd to Rothsay Auditing with effect on 12 February 2016.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

24. COMMITMENTS	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Not longer than one year	32,083	56,035
Longer than one year but not longer than five years	-	32,083
	32,083	88,118

On or about 19 May 2015, the Consolidated Entity renewed its non-cancellable operating lease agreement for shared office accommodation. The lease was for a further 18 month term expiring on or about 30 January 2017. The lease commitment is the Consolidated Entity's share of the lease costs and includes all outgoings (inclusive of GST).

Accounting policy

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Consolidated Entity as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

25. CONTINGENCIES

The Consolidated Entity does not have any contingent assets or liabilities.

26. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) Subsequent to the balance date (and to 26 August 2016), the Consolidated Entity
 - (i) Realised \$0.831 million from the sale of listed securities; and
 - (ii) Invested a further \$0.750 million in listed securities, including the acquisition of a further 3.9 million shares in Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX:KBC) at a cost of \$0.701 million (taking the Consolidated Entity's total shareholding to 31.7 million shares representing 19.96% of KBC).
- (c) Subsequent to balance date, the Directors have determined to write-off \$344,681 of capitalised software development costs based on a decision to close down operations in relation to two projects. The Directors note that the Consolidated Entity's technology operation will transition to a greater focus on commercial exploitation after the completion of development of projects in its current pipeline in the near future. As such, the Directors expect a significant reduction in the level of expenditure incurred in relation to its software development operations in the current financial period.
- (b) The Directors have declared payment of a 0.50 cent per share fully-franked dividend. The record date for determining entitlements is 22 September 2016 with payment expected to be made on or about 29 September 2016. The Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) will apply to this dividend - the Directors have determined that the DRP issue price will be at a 2.5% discount to the Company's volume weighted average price on ASX in the 5 day period up to and including the dividend record date.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- The financial statements, comprising the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other (1) Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and accompanying notes as set out on pages 26 to 55 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) and:
 - comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting; and
 - give a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and (b) of their performance for the year ended on that date;
- In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to (2) pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 (3) (Cth) by the Executive Chairman (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Executive Officer function) and Company Secretary (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Financial Officer function); and
- The Company has included in the notes to the Financial Statements an explicit and unreserved (4) statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Farooq Khan Chairman

31 August 2016

Simon Cato

Non-Executive Director



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BENTLEY CAPITAL LIMITED

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Bentley Capital Limited ("the Company") which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2016 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report. The Directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate to the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





Independence

We are independent of the Company, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical requirements and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Audit opinion

In our opinion the financial report of Bentley Capital Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a) (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the consolidated financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Audit opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of Bentley Capital Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Rothsay Auditing

Graham Swan FCA

Partner

Dated 31 August 2016

SECURITIES INFORMATION as at 30 June 2016

DISTRIBUTION OF LISTED ORDINARY SHARES

Spread	of	Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issued Capital
1	-	1,000	242	121,020	0.16%
1,001	-	5,000	642	1,993,714	2.64%
5,001	-	10,000	343	2,476,006	3.28%
10,001	-	100,000	482	12,864,295	17.06%
100,001	-	and over	76	57,959,692	76.86%
Total			1,785	75,414,727	100.00%

UNMARKETABLE PARCELS

Spread	of	Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issued Capital
1	-	3,703	629	1,024,708	1.36%
3,704	-	over	1,156	74,390,019	98.64%
TOTAL			1,785	75,414,727	100.00%

An unmarketable parcel is considered, for the purposes of the above table, to be a shareholding of 3,703 shares or less, being a value of \$500 or less in total, based upon the Company's last sale price on ASX as at 30 June 2016 of \$0.135 per share.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Substantial Shareholders	Registered Shareholder	Number of Shares held	% Voting Power (as at 30 June 2016)	
Queste Communications Ltd (QUE)	QUE	1,300,000	28.93%(1)	
Queste Communications Eta (QCE)	OEQ	20,513,783	20.937007	
Mr Azhar Chaudhri, Renmuir Holdings Limited	QUE	1,300,000	28.93%(2)	
and Chi Tung Investments Ltd	OEQ	20,513,783	20.9370	
Orion Equities Limited (OEQ)	OEQ	20,513,783	27.20%	
Data Base Systems Limited (DBS) and Ambreen Chaudhri	DBS	11,717,586	15.54% ⁽³⁾	

Notes:

- (1) Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by QUE dated 7 June 2016
- Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by Azhar Chaudhri dated 2 May 2012 (updated to reflect current registered (2) shareholdings and percentage voting power)
- Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by DBS and Ambreen Chaudhri dated 15 May 2012 (updated to reflect current percentage voting power)

SECURITIES INFORMATION as at 30 June 2016

TOP TWENTY ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHAREHOLDERS

Rank	Shareholder	Total Shares Held	% Issued Capital
1	ORION EQUITIES LIMITED	20,513,783	27.20%
2	DATABASE SYSTEMS LTD	11,717,586	15.54%
3	CHARLES W ROCKEFELLER PTY LTD	3,376,562	4.48%
4	MR BOON CHUAN AW	1,712,807	2.27%
5	MR COLIN JOHN VAUGHAN & MRS ROBIN VAUGHAN	1,662,478	2.20%
6	MR JOHN ROBERT DILLON	1,489,019	1.94%
7	QUESTE COMMUNICATIONS LIMITED	1,300,000	1.72%
8	MR DONALD GORDON MACKENZIE & MRS GWENNETH EDNA MACKENZIE	900,000	1.19%
9	AVANTEOS INVESTMENTS LIMITED	672,999	0.89%
10	EXTRA EDGE PTY LTD	650,000	0.86%
11	MRS CUIXIAN WANG	576,000	0.76%
12	BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED	559,648	0.74%
13	MON NOMINEES PTY LTD	524,100	0.70%
14	KJ & ML GILROY PTY LTD	500,000	0.66%
15	INGARSBY PTY LTD	500,000	0.66%
16	GUOCO PTY LTD	450,000	0.60%
17	MR JOHN STEPHEN CALVERT	431,493	0.57%
18	MR WENRONG LU	400,000	0.53%
19	ALPHAMODE COMPUTERS PTY LIMITED	384,500	0.51%
20	MR PAUL GERARD GRAFEN	379,082	0.50%
TOTAL		48,700,057	64.52%